Ultra-relativistic ³He-Au collisions

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[research with Piotr Bożek]

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Flow

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How do we know that quark-gluon plasma is formed?



"Initial shape – final flow" transmutation detectable in the asymmetry of the momentum distribution of detected particles – follows from collectivity

Elliptic flow from collectivity



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Wounded nucleons – experienced at least one inelastic collision [Białas, Błeszyński & Czyż]



- Initial fireball is asymmetric in the transverse plane from
 geometry 2) fluctuations
- collectivity! flow generated
- Strong elliptic flow, triangular flow (in Au+Au entirely from fluctuations), higher-order harmonic flow

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 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm asymmetry \ of \ shape} \to {\rm asymmetry \ of \ initial \ fireball} \to \\ & \to {\rm hydro \ or \ transport} \to {\rm collective \ harmonic \ flow} \end{array}$



nuclear triangular geometry \rightarrow fireball triangular geometry \rightarrow triangular flow

Generated by CamScanner from intsig.com

Triangles: ³He-Au at RHIC [PHENIX] Our proposal for $^{12}{\rm C}$ as a tool to detect α structure

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Factorization of the transverse and longitudinal distributions



alignment of F and B event planes (can be checked experimentally)

collimation of flow at distant longitudinal separations \rightarrow ridges!

Surfers - the near-side ridge



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Ridge in p-Pb: ATLAS vs 3+1D hydro



[another approach: CGC-based calculation by Dusling & Venugopalan]

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 $< p_T >_{\pi} = 0.48 \text{ GeV}, < p_T >_K = 0.72 \text{ GeV}, < p_T >_p = 0.99 \text{ GeV}$ $(|\eta| < 2.4)$ [more details in Bożek, WB, & Torrieri, PRL 111 (2013) 172303]

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We will need quantitative measures of deformation Eccentricity parameters ϵ_n (Fourier analysis)

$$\epsilon_n e^{i\Psi_n} = \frac{\sum_j \rho_j^n e^{in\phi_j}}{\sum_j \rho_j^n}$$

describe the shape of each event (j labels the initial sources in the event in the transverse plane, n=rank) n = 2 - ellipticity, n = 3 - triangularity, ...

Two components:

- intrinsic shape
- from fluctuations

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We have to a very good approximation linear response

$$v_n = \kappa_n \epsilon_n, \quad n = 2, 3, \dots$$

(κ_n depends on multiplicity, energy, hydro parameters)

Cumulant moments:
$$\epsilon_n \{2\}^2 = \langle \epsilon_n^2 \rangle, \ \epsilon_n \{4\}^4 = 2 \langle \epsilon_n^2 \rangle - \langle \epsilon_n^4 \rangle$$

Ratio's insensitive to response:

$$\frac{\sigma(v_n)}{\langle v_n \rangle} = \frac{\sigma(\epsilon_n)}{\langle \epsilon_n \rangle}$$
$$\frac{v_n\{m\}}{v_n\{2\}} = \frac{\epsilon_n\{m\}}{\epsilon_n\{2\}}, \ m = 4, 6, \dots$$

(infer limited info on flow from just the eccentricities, no hydro!)

[see, e.g., Bzdak, Bożek & McLerran, NPA 927 (2014) 15]

³He-Au

[more details in Bożek & WB, PLB 739 (2014) 308 and arXiv:1503.00468]

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Eccentricities of ³He and fireball



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Predictions based on eccentricities



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Predictions based on eccentricities



Ridges in ³He-Au





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Ridges in ³He-Au



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(mass ordering visible)

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Femtoscopy in ³He-Au (HBT correlation radii



Conclusions

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- Small systems look very collective (p-Pb, d-Au, 3 He-Au): The near-side ridge, flow, mass orderings, k_{T} -dependence of the HBT radii
- Good quantitative agreement of 3+1D hydro event-by-event hydro with the preliminary PHENIX data on ³He-Au (no "retuning", same parameters as for other systems: Glauber model for the initial condition, shear and bulk viscosity, initial time, statistical hadronization at $T_f = 150$ MeV)

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